

Abstract Submitted  
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**Mu metal exchange bias**<sup>1</sup> PRIYANGA JAYATHILAKA, SCOTT CAMPBELL, CASEY MILLER — The exchange bias of the soft ferromagnet mu-metal, Ni<sub>77</sub>Fe<sub>14</sub>Cu<sub>5</sub>Mo<sub>4</sub>, with the metallic antiferromagnet Fe<sub>50</sub>Mn<sub>50</sub> has been studied. Two series of multilayer heterostructures were grown with (111) texture induced by different buffer layer materials: Cu(300 Å)/Ni<sub>77</sub>Fe<sub>14</sub>Cu<sub>5</sub>Mo<sub>4</sub>(200 or 400 Å)/Fe<sub>50</sub>Mn<sub>50</sub> (100 Å)/Cu(300 Å) and Ta(50 Å)/Ni<sub>77</sub>Fe<sub>14</sub>Cu<sub>5</sub>Mo<sub>4</sub>(60–400 Å)/Fe<sub>50</sub>Mn<sub>50</sub>(150 Å); control samples were grown without Fe<sub>50</sub>Mn<sub>50</sub>. The samples have a clear unidirectional anisotropy induced by depositing in a magnetic field, the exchange bias magnitude is inversely proportional to the mu-metal thickness, and the interfacial coupling energy of 0.045 erg/cm<sup>2</sup> agrees with previous results for FeMn antiferromagnets. While the Cu-buffered samples reveal a significant increase in coercivity and saturation field when exchange biased, the Ta-buffered samples retain the soft magnetic properties of the mu-metal simultaneously with the exchange bias. The ability to preserve soft ferromagnetic behavior in an exchange biased heterostructure may be useful for device and sensing applications.

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