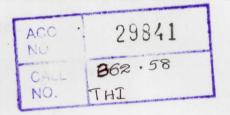


Problems associated with the Implementation of Home owner driven Housing Reconstruction Program initiated by World Bank in the Batticaloa District.





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Abstract

This research aimed to study "Problems associated with the implementation of home owner driven housing reconstruction program initiated by the World Bank in the Batticaloa District.

As explained in the problem statement 'Why is there a delay in the implementation of the Homeowner Driven Housing Reconstruction for the victims?. According to the World Bank the period of reconstruction is four months but practically it took more than one year to complete, the beneficiaries have failed to meet the home owner driven housing reconstruction due to cultural, other income, educational and conflict constrains as well as Political, Organization, Quality and Psychology". Therefore, the researcher was interested in studying the problem and suggesting solutions for the identified problems.

The study was done with a sample of 225 among the 14 villages coming under the 14 D.S. Divisions in the Batticaloa District. Two sets of questionnaires were prepared to obtain data. The collected data were analyzed using SPSS software Package.

Five hypotheses have been formulated. The other income has a negative relation for delay in construction; the higher the lower the education levels of beneficiaries, the greater the degree of delay in the construction of the project; The higher the cultural level of beneficiaries, the higher the degree of delay in construction; The higher the degree of conflict suffered by the beneficiaries the higher the degree of delay in construction; The higher the degree of organization, political, quality of construction and psychology factors, the lower the degree of delay in construction.

The analysis revealed that there were demographic factors like other income and education as well as sociological factors such as culture and conflict that show the following relationship; positive association between other income and delay in construction which is at very meager level; negative association between education and delay in construction; positive association between culture and delay in construction and positive relationship between conflict and delay in construction. In addition other related factors such as political, organization, quality and psychology also show positive relationship with delay in construction.

TABLES AND CONTENTS

			Page
Absti	act		I
Ackn	Acknowledgements		
List	f Tables		VII
List	f Figures		IX
Abbr	eviations		X
CHA	APTER -1		
1	Introduction		
1.1	Background of the Research		1
	1.1.1 Rationale for the	World Bank involvement	2
	1.1.2 Homeowner Driv	ven Housing Reconstruction strategy	3
	1.1.3 Community Parti	cipation	5
	1.1.4 North East Hous	ing Reconstruction Programme (NEHRP)	5
	1.1.5 House damaged	n the Batticaloa District.	6
1.2	Statement of the Research	h Problem.	10
1.3	Objectives of the Study		11
1.4	Hypotheses		12
1.5	Research Methodology		12
	1.5.1 Pilot study		12
	1.5.2 Questionnaire		14
	1.5.3 Observation and	Group Discussion.	15
1.6	Significance of the Rese	arch.	15
1.7	Limitations of the Resea	rch	16
1.8	Chapter Organization.		17
CHA	APTER -2		
2	Literature Review		19
2.1	Introduction		19
2.2	Defining key terms		19
2.3	Community Driven Development (CDD)		
2.4	Owner-driven Housing I		24
2.5	The state of the s	Program Objectives and Policy Framework.	25

2.6	Implementation Strategy of the HORHR		
2.7	Performance of the Housing Reconstruction		
2.8	Problems Associated with Demographic factors of the		
	Community Driven Development.	31	
	2.8.1 Income	33	
	2.8.2 Employment	34	
	2.8.3 Education Problems in the Community Driven Development	36	
2.9	Problems Associated with Sociological factors of the Community		
	Driven Development		
	2.9.1 Social class	38	
	2.9.2 Culture	39	
	2.9.3 Religion	39	
	2.9.4 Reference Group	40	
	2.9.5 Conflict	41	
	2.9.6 Displacement	42	
2.10.	Problems Associated with Political, Organizational, Psychology		
	and Quality factors of the CDD.		
	2.10.1 Political factor	44	
	2.10.2 Organization	45	
	2.10.3 Administration	47	
	2.10.4 Psychology factor	48	
	2.10.5 Quality	48	
2.11.	Tsunami Housing Reconstruction Programme.		
	2.11.1 Social Factor	50	
	2.11.2 Tsunami Housing Reconstruction Programme in Sri Lanka	52	
2.12	Profile of Batticaloa District	53	
2.13	Delays in Construction - Findings from the Research	55	
CHA	PTER -3		
3	Methodology	57	
3.1	Introduction	57	
3.2	Conceptualization		
	3.2.1 Conceptual Framework.	59	
3.3	Operationalisation	60	
3.4	Sampling Plan		

	3.4.1 Population	61
	3.4.2 Sampling	62
	3.4.3 Sample procedure.	64
	3.4.4 Sample Size	65
3.5	Data Sources	
	3.5.1 Primary data:	66
	3.5.2 Secondary Data	66
3.6	Data Collection Method	67
	3.6.1 Pilot survey and qualitative approach of getting views	67
	3.6.2 Questionnaire	69
3.7	Data Analysis	70
	3.7.1 Correlation	70
CH	APTER – 4	
4	Results and Discussion	72
4.1	Introduction	72
4.2	Demographic Variables on the Project activities	72
	4.2.1 Age Group of the Respondents	73
	4.2.2 Marital Status of the Respondents	73
	4.2.3 Directly affected war victims	74
	4.2.4 Education Level of Respondents	74
	4.2.5 Occupations of Respondents	75
	4.2.6 Skill Level Occupation of the Beneficiaries	76
	4.2.7 Number of days of Labour contribution to the Construction	76
	4.2.8 Income Level of the Beneficiaries	77
	4.2.9 Religion of the Beneficiaries	78
	4.2.10 Family Members and Cost of Living	78
	4.2.11 Frequency of displacement by war	80
	4.2.12 Length of displacement Period	81
4.3	Dependents as beneficiaries 4.3.1 Person over 60 years of Age	81 82
	4.3.2 Person under age 16	82
	4.3.3 School going children	83
4.4	Dependent Variables such Delay on the Project activities	
	4.4.1 Delay at the level of Foundation	84

	4.4.2	Delay on the level of wall construction and plastering	86
	4.4.3	Delay at roof level and Carpentry work	89
	4.4.4	Delay in the Completed Housing Construction	92
4.5	Demo	graphic Factors	93
	4.5.1	Other Income	93
	4.5.2	Education	95
4.6	Socio	logical Factors	96
	4.6.1	Culture	96
	4.6.2	Conflict	98
4.7	Other Related Factors		
	4.7.1	Political factor	100
	4.7.2	Organization factor	100
	4.7.3	Quality of construction	101
	4.7.4	Psychology factor	101
4.8	Discussion		
CHA	PTER		
5	Concl	Conclusions and Recommendations	
5.1	Overa	verall summary	
5.2	Concl	usions.	107
5.3	Recon	nmendations	109
5.4	Furthe	er Research	111
List o	List of Reference		
Biblio	graphy		114
A NINI	EXUR	DEC.	
1.	Fumil	onnaire-1	
2.	- Frequ	onnaire-2	.66
3.	Questi	onnaire-1 & 2 (Tamil Version)	